

Minnesota Ave SE Bus Priority

ANC 7B and 7F

September 2021













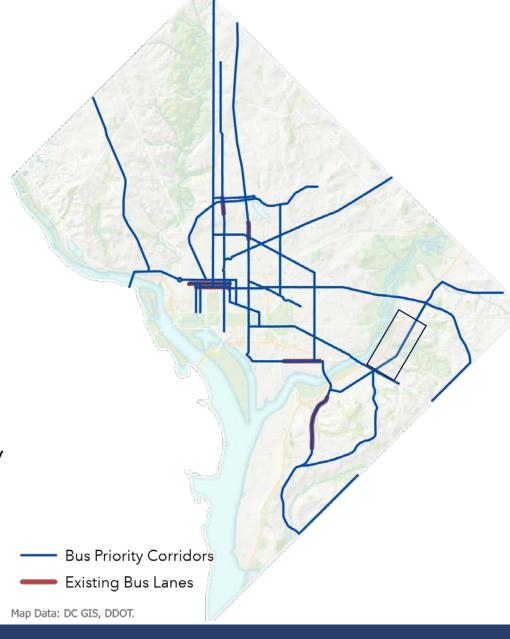
Agenda

- Bus Priority Program
- Needs Assessment
- Corridor Concepts
- Project Timeline



Bus Priority Program

- Corridors identified in moveDC (the District's long-range transportation plan), based on bus ridership.
- The Bus Priority Program works to improve bus speed and reliability in these corridors.
- Bus priority network spans approximately 70 miles across the District
 - Over 60% of District residents live within ½ mile of a bus priority corridor





Value of Bus Priority

1. I spend more time at home with loved ones.





can travel farther and reach more destinations.

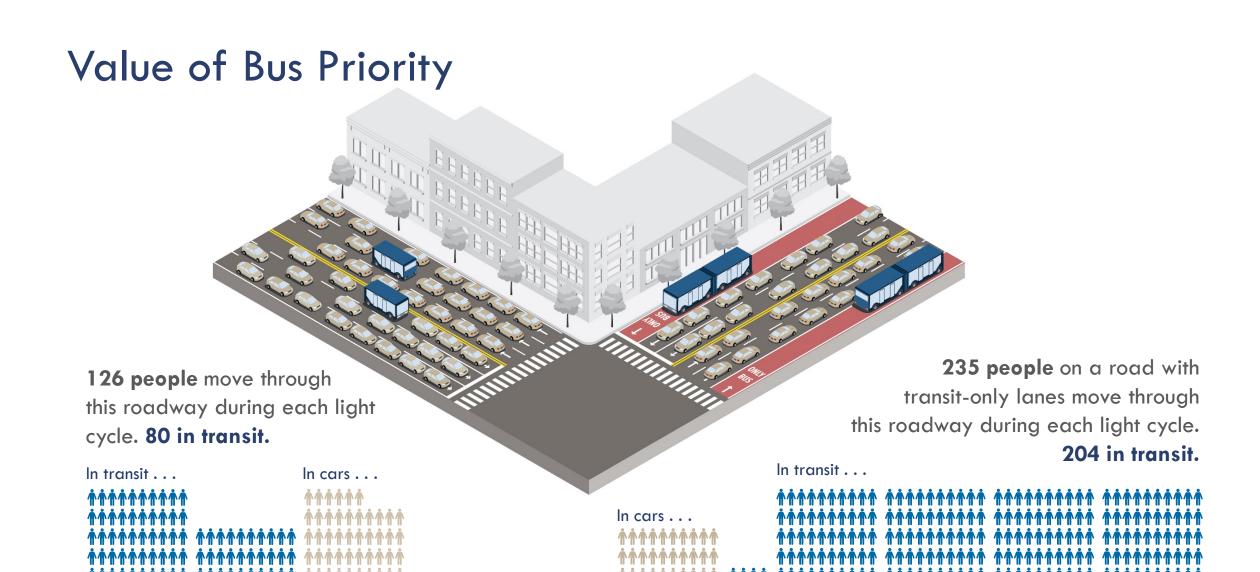
2. I spend less time waiting for the bus.





4. Emergency vehicles can respond to emergencies without delay.



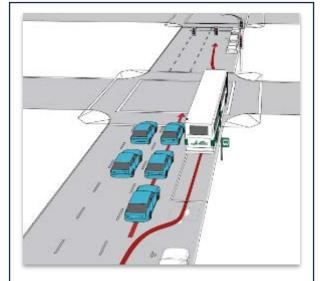


Bus Priority Toolbox

Examples of DDOT's 20+ ways to make riding the bus better:



Bus lanes
Reduce congestion delay



Queue jumps
Buses get to the front of the line



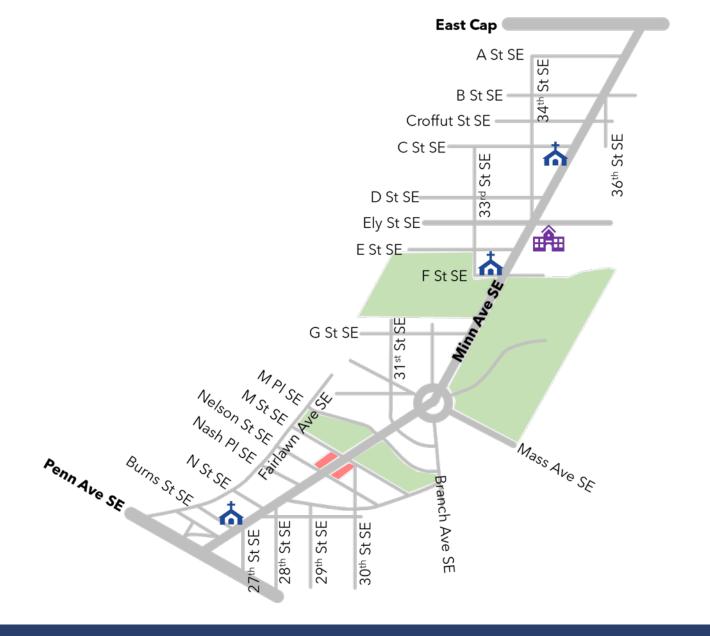
Bulb-outs
Buses board from the travel lane
and provide more space for
passengers to wait



Transit signal priority
Give buses more green time

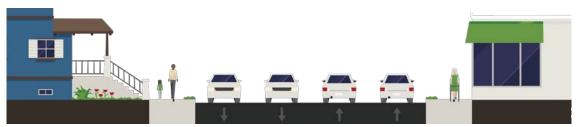
Land Use

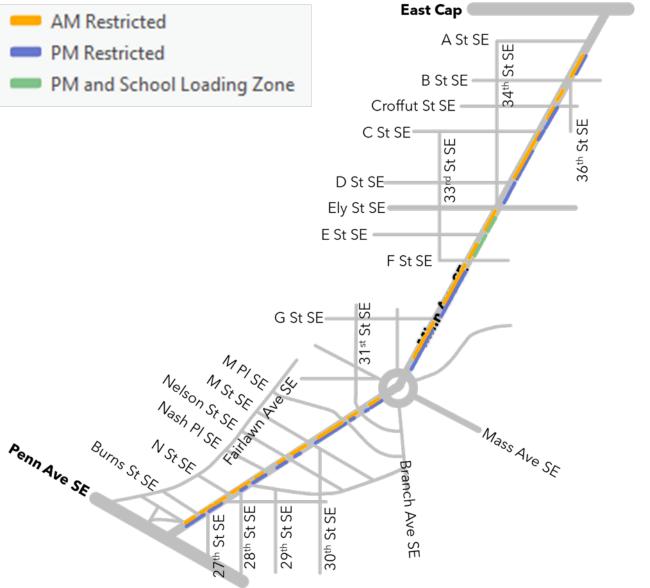
- Mostly medium density residential
- Commercial retail at Nelson St SE
- Kimball Elementary is biggest transit trip generator
- Ft Dupont is popular park for weekend activity



Roadway Characteristics

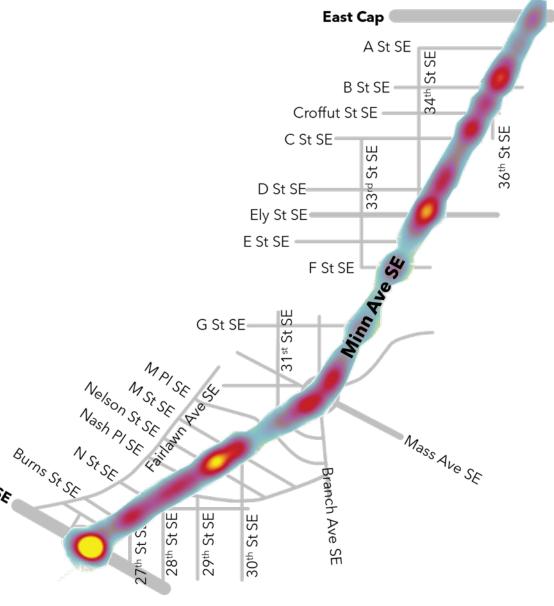
- 1.4 miles, from Pennsylvania Ave SE to A St SE
- 40' Roadway; Four 10' lanes





Traffic Safety and Operations

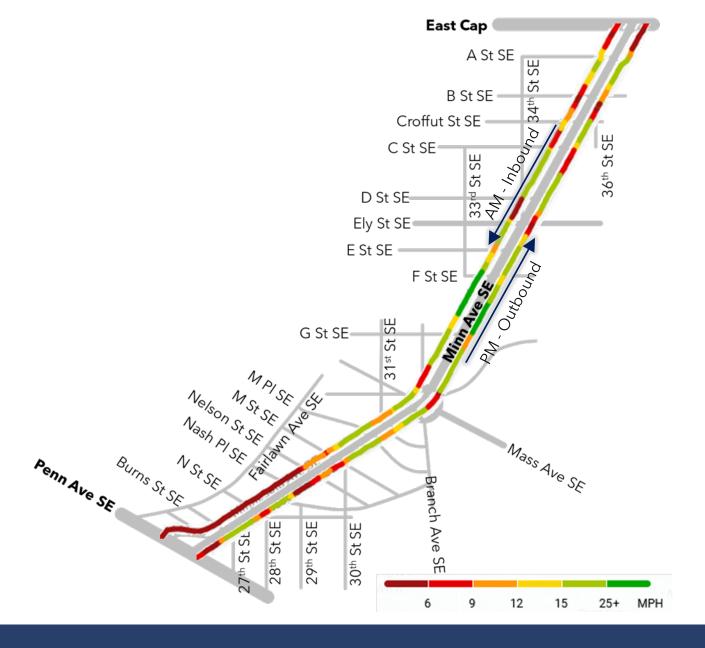
- Rear end and failure to stay in lane crashes are most common
 - Drivers merging into non-parking lane
 - Drivers changing lanes to avoid left turn queue
- Most crashes occur at B St SE, Ely PI SE, Randle Circle, Nelson PI SE, and Pennsylvania Ave SE
- Congestion is most severe in AM rush hour, southbound approaching Pennsylvania Ave SE





Bus Operations

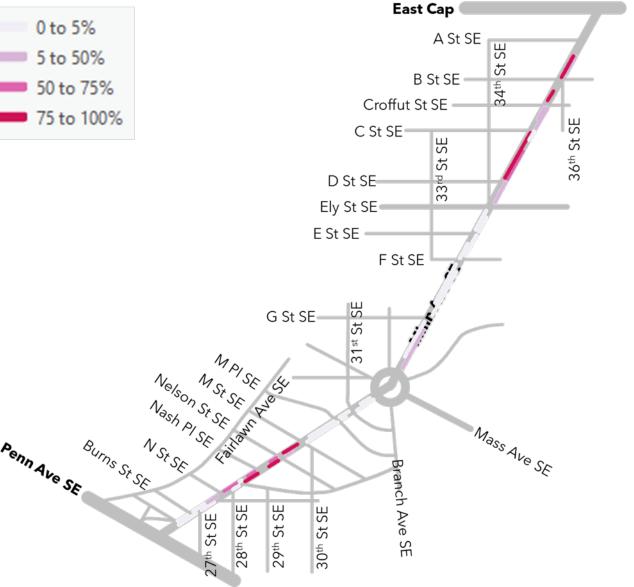
- 10-15 minute bus frequency
- 4,000 passengers per day
- Highest boardings at Ely St SE and Penn Ave SE
- Delay through most of the corridor is related to traffic signals and passenger boarding
- Congestion severely impacts bus speed on southbound Penn Ave approach.



Parking Occupancy Rate

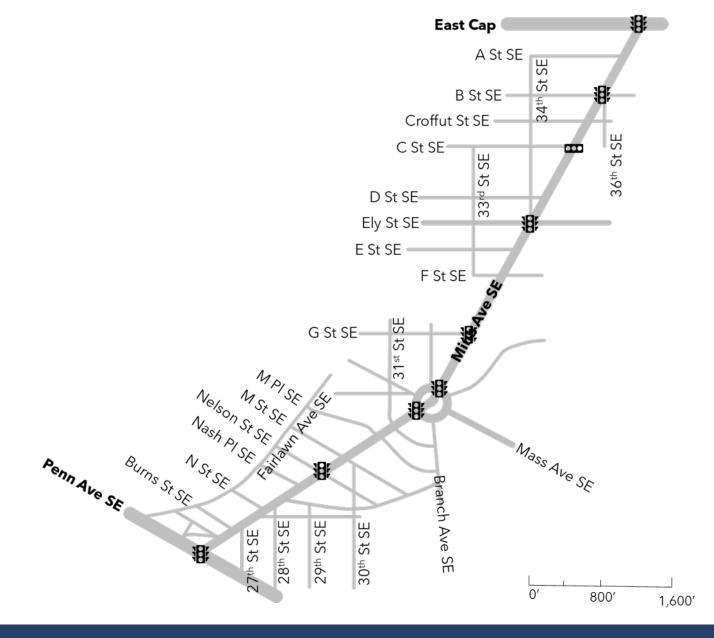
0 to 5% 5 to 50% 50 to 75% 75 to 100%

- Limited demand for parking in many areas.
- High parking demand First Baptist Church, Nelson St retail, Ft Dupont, Kimball Elementary School loading zone.



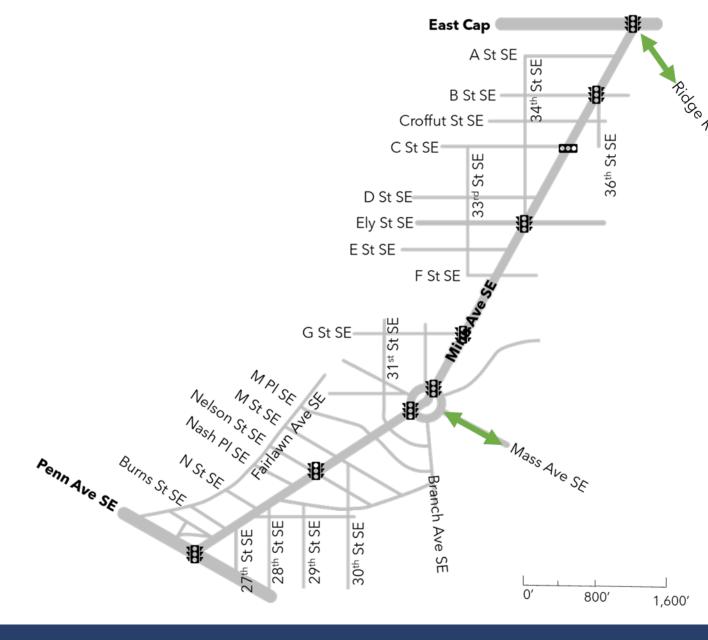
Traffic Analysis

- ~1,000 veh/hr south of Randle Cir
 ~700 veh/hr north of Randle Cir
- Southbound AM travel is slowest at 6.5 min. Travel time is about 4 minutes otherwise.
- Main source of delay is Penn Ave southbound approach



Bike Network

- Bike lanes connect to Minn Ave at Ridge Rd and Mass Ave
- Neighborhood streets are low traffic, comfortable for biking
- Minn Ave, Penn Ave, and East Cap are significant barriers for biking



Corridor Concepts



Proposed Concept Vocabulary









Bike Lanes



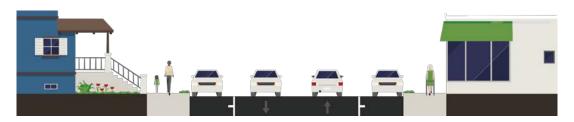
Proposed Concepts

- Both provide parking during rush hour
- Both include a southbound bus lane in the AM peak approaching Penn Ave SE
- Both enhance the pedestrian environment and improve safety.
- Both allow buses to make in-lane stops using bus bulb-outs or boarding islands.
- One option includes a bike lane and removes parking from one side of the street.

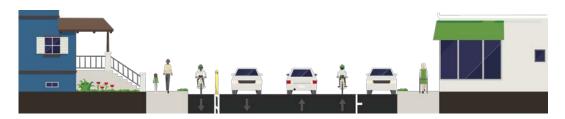
	Alternative 1	Alternative 2	Construction Date
Bus Stop Rebalancing	x	x	2022
Bus lane expansion	x	X	2023
Curb Extensions	X	X	2022
Bus bulb-outs	x		2022
Boarding islands		X	2022
Bike Lanes		X	2023

Proposed Concepts

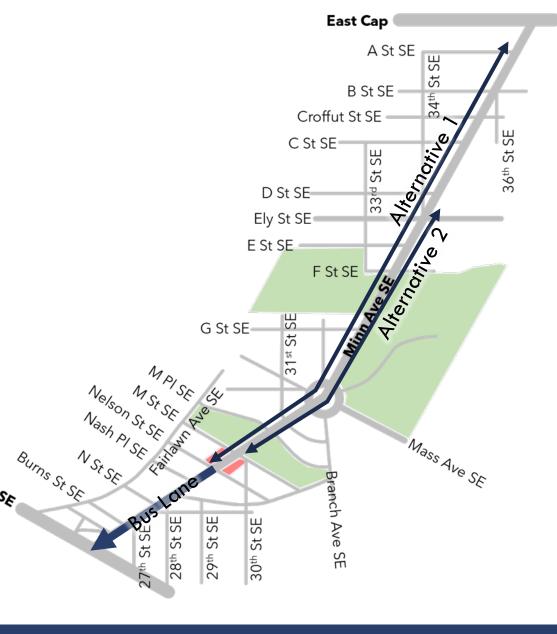
Alternative 1: Convert all parking to permanent



Alternative 2: Remove parking from one side of street for bike lanes.





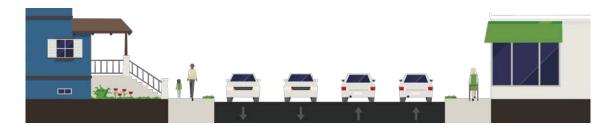


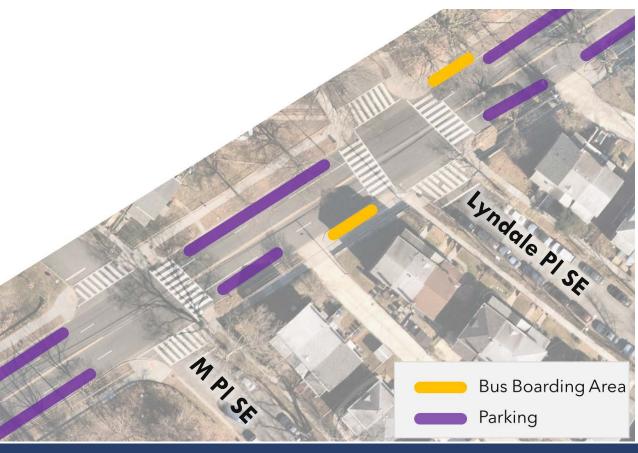


Existing Condition

 Scarce parking allows weaving between lanes and passing at high speeds.

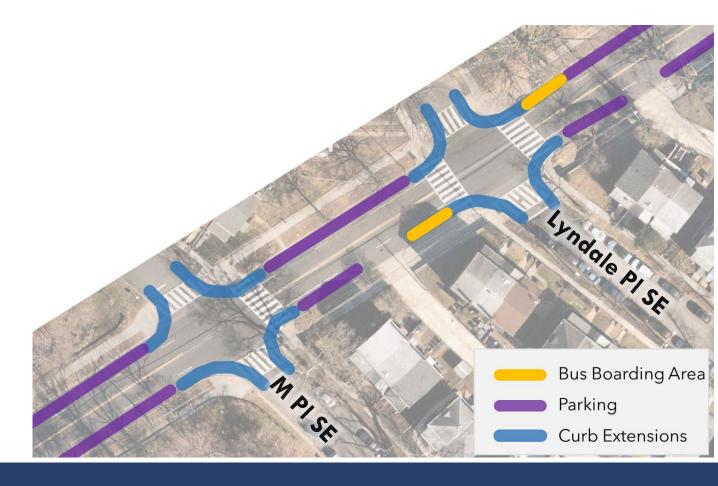
 Intermittent parked cars make roadway unpredictable





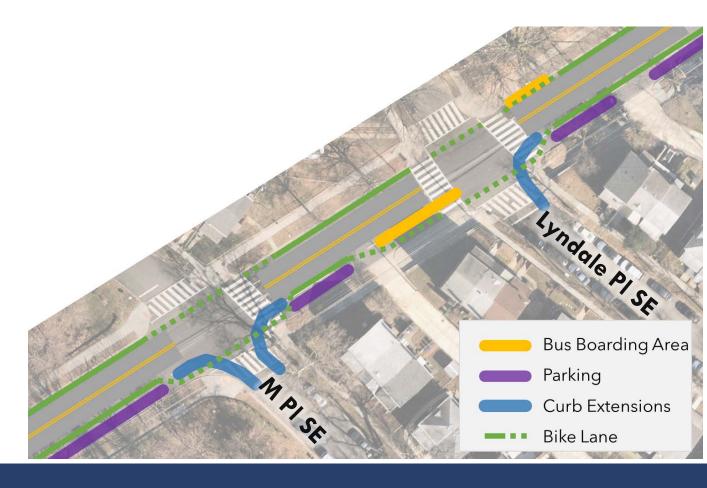
Alternative 1

- Curb Extensions in parking lane to shorten crossing distance. Adds "daylight" to intersections for better visibility.
- Bus bulb-outs expand bus waiting area and provide better bus service
- Could be implemented from Nelson PI SE to A St SE



Alternative 2

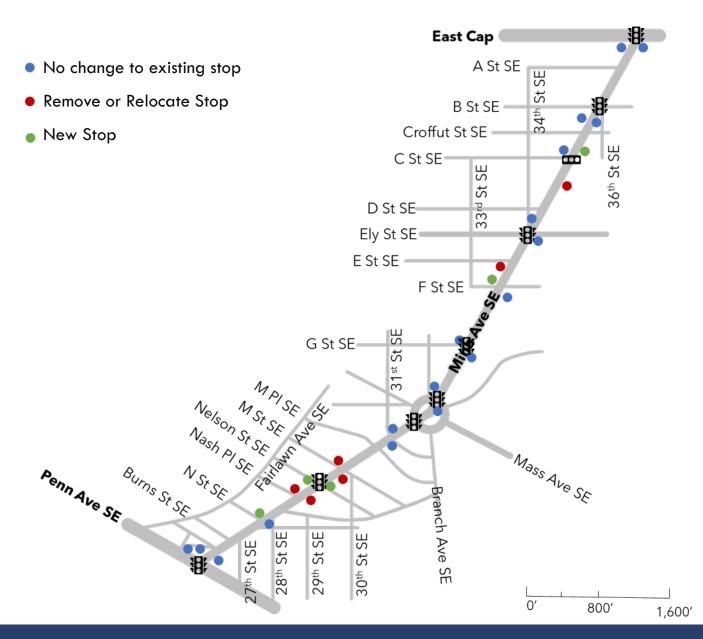
- Curb Extensions in parking lane to shorten crossing distance. Adds "daylight" to intersections for better visibility.
- Bus boarding islands expand bus waiting area and provide better bus service
- Bike lanes connect schools, parks, and retail to neighborhood streets
- Implementation from D St SE to M St SE would minimally impact areas where parking is needed.





Bus Stop Rebalancing

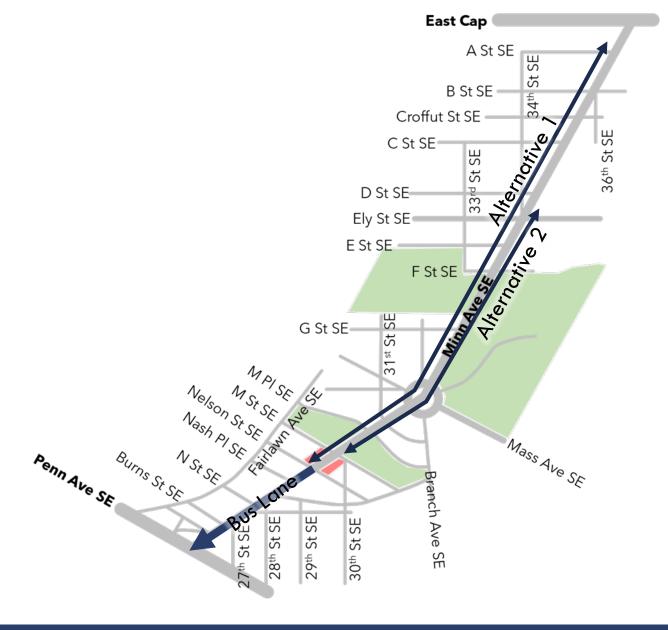
- Locating stops at signalized crosswalks is safer
- Farside stops allow buses to get through intersection faster (10-15 seconds) and allow transit signal priority (10-15 more seconds)
- Reducing the number of stops also reduces travel time by about 10 seconds



Alternative Comparison

- Transit Improvements Both alternatives equally benefit transit
- Congestion
 - Both alternatives have no impact on traffic outside of peak hour (85% of time)
 - During peak hour travel time could increase as much as 60 seconds. Further design will refine modelling.
- Safety The bus is the safest way to travel.

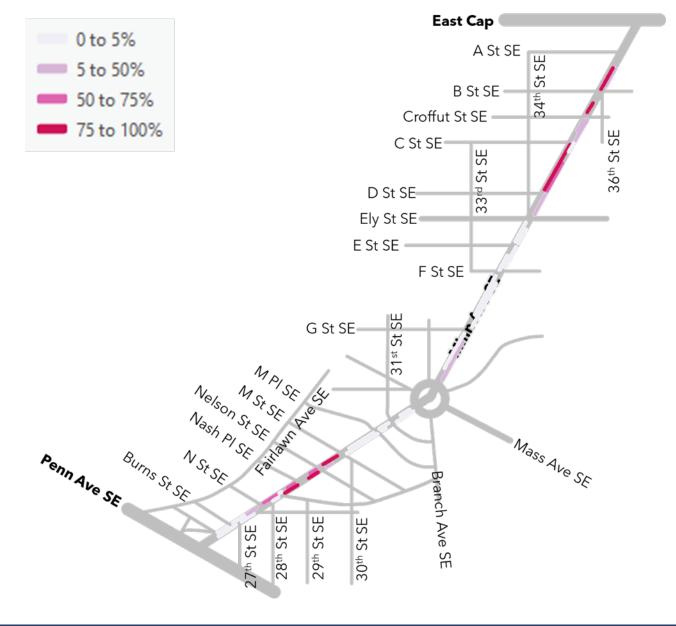
 Both options offer improved safety for pedestrians, but bike lanes provide improved safety for people that bike.





Alternative Comparison

- Parking—
 - Alternative 1: Preserves all parking. Adds parking at rush hour
 - Alternative 2: Repurposes parking on west side of street from D St SE to M St SE for bike lanes



Next Steps

- Provide Comments by October 30th
- DDOT will design through the winter and spring 2022
- Notice of Intent in spring or summer 2022
- Construction in summer or fall 2022